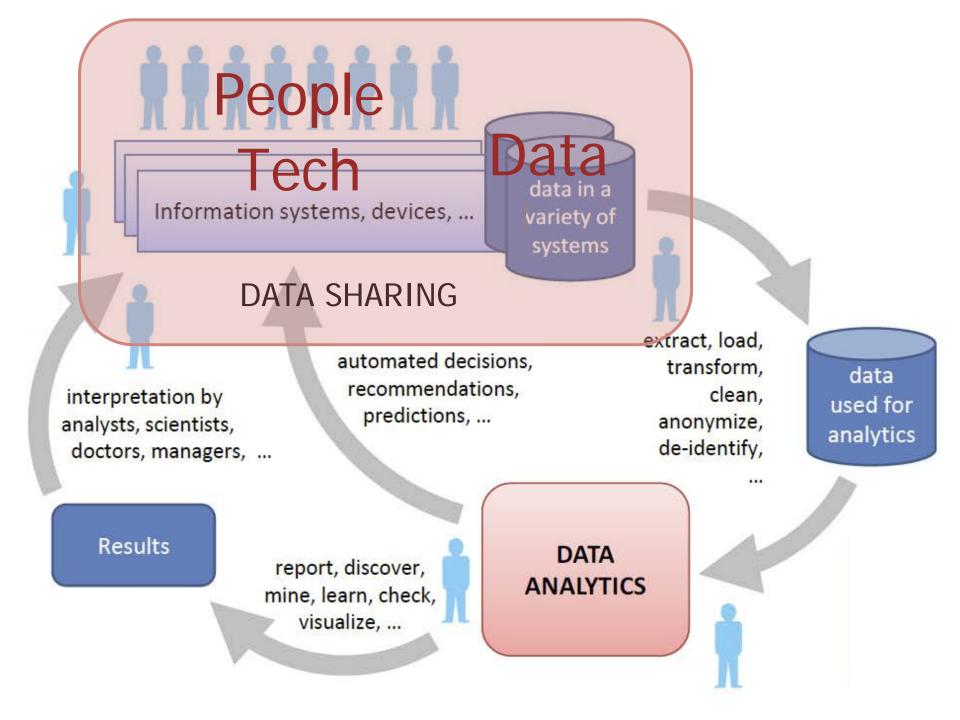
#### To share or not to share? On responsibility in social software

Dr. M. Birna van Riemsdijk, Delft Data Science, TU Delft Responsible Data Science Seminar, Oct. 20<sup>th</sup> 2016





#### Location sharing in family life (1)





### Responsibility and Privacy — Ethical Aspects of Using GPS to Track Children

Jessica Nihlén Fahlquist Philosophy Section, Delft University of Technology, Delft, The Netherlands



24/7 monitoring

#### Location sharing in family life (2)



## Responsibility and P Aspects of Using GP

Jessica Nihlén Fahlquist Philosophy Section, Delft University of Techno



24/7 monitoring



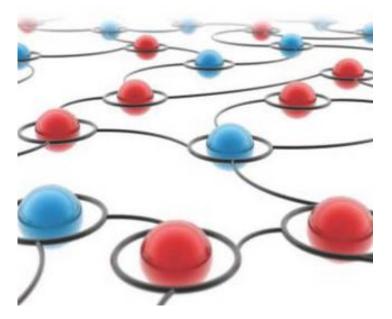
P.-P. Verbeek, 2014: The question is not whether we say "yes" or "no" to technology, but *how* we shape and use it.

### Responsibility in social software: understanding social context

## PRIVACY IN CONTEXT

Technology, Policy, and the Integrity of Social Life

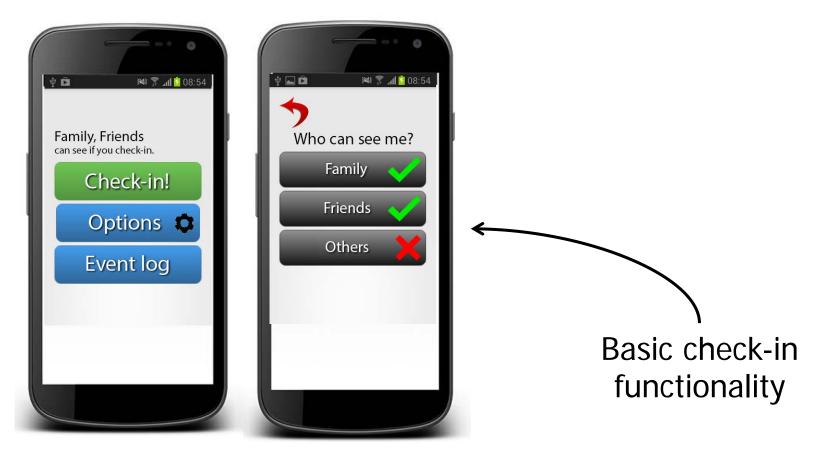
#### HELEN NISSENBAUM



Contextual integrity:

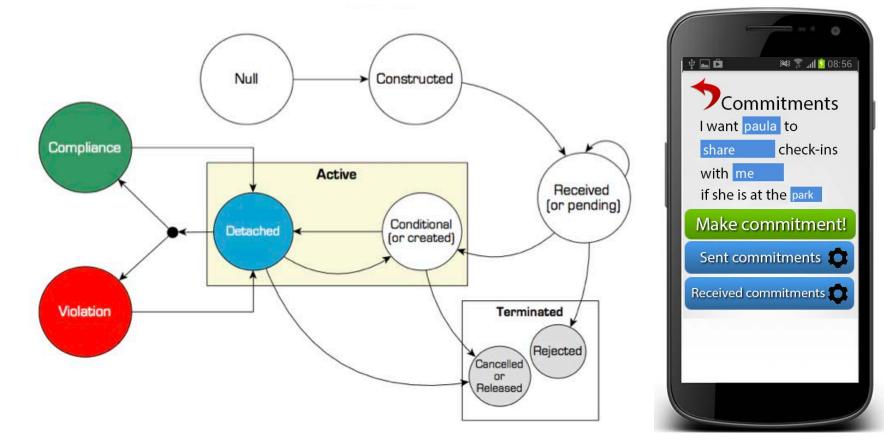
- information ought to be distributed and protected according to norms governing distinct social contexts
- "the ideal is flexibility in how [systems] are adapted to particular [social] contexts so the flow of information may be tailored according to [...] norms"

#### Commitments about location sharing (1) Kayal, Brinkman, Neerincx, Van Riemsdijk



## COMMIT/

#### Commitments about location sharing (2) Kayal, Brinkman, Neerincx, Van Riemsdijk



## COMMIT/

## Improved support for user values with social commitments (SC) (n=34)

WithSC
7.4(1.4)*
6.6(1.5)*
6.5(2.9)
7.5(2.6)
-

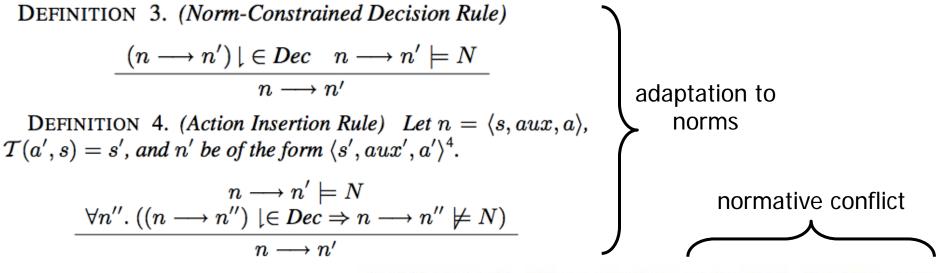
*Note*: \* *p* < .05, \*\* *p* < .01



## Value-based automatic conflict resolution (n=396)

	estM0	estM1	<i>estM</i> 2.1	estM2.2	estM2.3	<i>estM</i> 3.1	estM3.2	estM3.3		
Intercept	0.655**	0.526**	0.658**	0.653**	0.657**	0.541**	0.550**	0.556**		
Norm type		0.247**				0.226**	0.201**	0.198**		
Pred <sub>FP</sub>										
<b>Frnd</b> <sub>FP</sub>			0.001**		0.001**	0.001*		0.001*		
Priv <sub>FP</sub>			0.000		0.000	-0.001		0.000		
$Saf_{FP}$			0.002**		0.001	0.001*		0.000		
Ind <sub>FP</sub>			0.000		0.000	0.000		0.000		
Res <sub>FP</sub>			0.001		0.000	0.000		0.000		
Pred <sub>SP</sub>										
<b>Frnd</b> <sub>SP</sub>				0.001	0.000		0.001	0.000		
Priv <sub>SP</sub>				0.000	0.000		-0.001	-0.001		
$Saf_{SP}$				0.004**	0.003**		0.002**	0.002*		
Ind <sub>SP</sub>				0.001	0.001		0.000	0.000		
Res <sub>SP</sub>				0.003*	0.003*		0.001	0.001		
$\mathcal{W}_{Prediction}$	68.4	77.6	72.3	74.4	75.1	77.8	77.0	77.9		
	order	norm			<u>ノ</u>					
		type		<b>∀</b> values		CC	combination			

#### Formal analysis of norm compliance Van Riemsdijk, Dennis, Fisher, Hindriks (AAMAS'13,'15)



DEFINITION 11. (Normative State in Conflict) Let N be a set of norms, T be a transition function, and  $n = \langle s, aux, a \rangle$  a normative state, and let  $pnf = \langle s', aux', A \rangle$  be a PNF of n wrt. N.

• We say that pnf is in practical conflict with T iff there is an action a such that  $done(a) \in A$  and there is no  $done(a) \in A : T(a, s) = s'$ .

 We say that pnf is in normative conflict iff ∃a, b : a ≠ b and done(a), done(b) ∈ A (obligation conflict), or ∃a : done(a), ¬done(a) ∈ A (prohibition conflict).



#### Human experience

- What does it mean to feel safe with the technology?
- How does the software affect relations between people?

#### Context awareness

- How to obtain norms from the social context at run-time? Cf. process mining
- Besides values, which other (social) contextual information can be used to resolve normative conflicts?

#### Normative reasoning

- What if the software cannot comply with a norm, e.g., due to external circumstances?
- How to anticipate potential non-compliance and prevent it?
- How to determine at run-time to what extent normcompliance can be guaranteed?
- How does scale come into play?



# Responsibility in social software

Information systems, devices, ...

data in a variety of systems

- Respect: understand the social context and share data with respect for social norms (confidentiality)
- Reliability: provide guarantees concerning compliance with social norms (accuracy, transparency)
  - Resilience: handle non-compliance in a flexible way with an understanding of the social context (fairness)

Socially Adaptive Software

data ed for alytics